

Land South of Wixams, Bedford – Wixams End

Baseline Transport Appraisal

Client: Wates Developments

i-Transport Ref: TW/PL/ITB15565-001e

Date: 28 July 2022

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Contents

SECTION 1	Introduction	1
SECTION 2	Sustainable Travel Opportunities	3
SECTION 3	Site Access Strategy	10
SECTION 4	Traffic Impact	14
SECTION 5	Summary and Conclusions	27

Figures

FIGURE 1	Site Location Plan
FIGURE 2	Site Accessibility Plan
FIGURE 3	Pedestrian and Cycle Connections Plan

Drawings

ITB15565-GA-001	Proposed Site Access Arrangements
ITB15565-GA-002	Proposed Site Access Arrangements – Aerial Imagery

Appendices

APPENDIX A.	Highway Boundary Data
APPENDIX B.	TRICS Data
APPENDIX C.	Distribution Model
APPENDIX D.	A6 / A421 Mitigation Scheme
APPENDIX E.	Development Assignment – 430 Units
APPENDIX F.	Development Assignment – 300 Units
APPENDIX G.	Emerging Masterplan



SECTION 1 Introduction

- 1.1 This report provides a Baseline Transport Appraisal of Land to the South of Wixams, Bedford (Wixams End) which is being promoted for residential development by Wates Developments.
- 1.2 The site is located to the south-east of Wixams with the A6, with Wilstead Village located to the east of the site, and agricultural land located to the south and west. A new community of 4,500 dwellings and a strategic employment area (36,500m²) is being delivered at Wixams as part of the Bedford Local Plan on the site of the former Elstow Storage Depot. The site location plan is shown as **Figure 1** (extracted as **Image 1.1**) in its context with the wider Wixams development.

Image 1.1: Site Plan and Context Plan



- 1.3 The Bedford Borough Council Emerging Local Plan 2040 identifies the Site for development to provide some 300 dwellings. This would form a sustainable extension to Wixams.
- 1.4 Following a review of the site capacity and constraints, the Site Promoters consider the capacity of the site to be some 430 dwellings, and that this level of development can be satisfactorily achieved on the site. Image 1.2 (Appendix G) presents a Concept Masterplan for the scheme to demonstrate how the land can be brought forward and to show the proposed scheme in the context of the wider consented and completed parts of Wixams.



Image 1.2 – Concept Masterplan



- 1.5 This appraisal provides an initial assessment of the transport deliverability of the Site against the key tests set out in paragraphs 110 and 111 of the NPPF, i.e.:
 - Have appropriate opportunities to promote sustainable transport modes been identified and taken up, given the type of development and its location;
 - Can safe and suitable access to the site can be achieved for all users; and
 - Can any significant impacts from the development on the transport network (in terms of capacity and congestion), or on highway safety, be mitigated to an acceptable degree.

SECTION 2 Sustainable Travel Opportunities

- 2.1.1 The site is located approximately 1km to the south of the centre of Wixams. It is on the edge of Wixams Villages 1 and 2, and Wilstead village is located circa 700m to the east across the A6.
- 2.1.2 The Wixams new community is being provided as four villages and will deliver a large range of land uses to serve its population of circa 10,000 people. Village 1 is completed, delivering around 1,000 dwellings, a mixed use local centre, middle school, nursery, creche, village hall and sports facilities. The local centre provides a good range of everyday facilities within ~1km of the Site, a 10-12 minute walk, making key facilities easily accessible by foot and cycle.
- 2.1.3 In the wider area, there are further facilities, including significant employment, primary and secondary schools, convenience shopping, leisure facilities and healthcare. Table 2.1 summarises the key facilities close to the site, and travel times to reach each by foot and cycle.

Purpose	Destination	Distance	Walk Time	Cycle Time
Leisure	Portu Gallos Restaurant	1,100	13	4
	Lakeview Village Hall	1,100	13	4
	The Red Lion Pub	1,350	16	5
	The Woolpack Pub	1,400	17	5
	Wilstead Jubilee Centre	1,450	17	5
	Wixam Hatters F.C	1,550	18	6
	Jubilee Playing Fields	1,550	18	6
	Wilstead Bowls Club	1,550	18	6
	Wilstead Park	1,750	21	7
Retail	Budgens	1,100	13	4
	Wilstead Post Office & Stores	1,550	18	6
Employment	Wilstead Industrial Park	1,550	18	6
Education	Lakeview School	1,050	13	4
	Wixamtree Primary	1,300	15	5
	Wixams Academy	1,450	17	5
	Wilstead Lower School	1,550	18	6
Healthcare	Wilstead Pharmacy	1,400	17	5

Table 2.1: Summary of Local Facilities

Source: Consultants Measurements

2.1.4 Walking accounts for around 80% of all journeys up to one mile (1.6km), as well as over 30% of journeys up to two miles (3.2k) *(NTS 2019)*. Average cycle journeys are 3.3 miles (5.3km).



- 2.1.5 The wider Wixams development (**Figure 2**) is delivering further key facilities including:
 - A new Town Centre (Village 3) 1,850m (~20 minute walk, 7 minute cycle)
 - Sports Facilities (Village 2 and 3) 1,650m 2,050m (~20 minute walk, 6 minute cycle)
 - Strategic Employment Area 2,350m (<25 minute walk, 10 minute cycle)
 - Rail Station 3,450m (13 minute cycle)
- 2.1.6 There is good opportunity for the site to deliver sustainable travel outcomes. **Figure 2** presents a walking catchment of 1.6km (i.e. a reasonable walking distance) to demonstrate the accessibility of the site, with all of Wixams and Wilstead falling within a reasonable cycle distance.

2.2 **Pedestrian and Cycle Provision**

- 2.2.1 There is an established footway and cycleway network that connects at Bedford Road to the north of the Site, providing continuous off-road lit footways leading north to the Village 1 local centre and providing access to the wider Wixams community.
- 2.2.2 The site proposes to provide a new dedicated pedestrian/cycle access point to the north of the site to Bedford Road (Image 2.1). This access will provide connection to the existing footway network and access to Village 1 of the Wixams development and its associated local facilities, and beyond to wider Wixams and Wilstead. Drawing ITB15565-GA-001 presents the indicative arrangement of this pedestrian access.





2.2.3 The connection to Bedford Road will also provide a link to the existing footway to Wilstead village to the east of the A6. This includes a dedicated pedestrian / cycle underpass that travels eastwards under the A6 and a continuous footway provision, with street lighting, to the east of Bedford Road. Wilstead village includes a range of everyday facilities including pharmacy, post office, playing fields and primary school.



2.2.4 A network of Public Rights of Way (PROW) is available within the vicinity of the site, with an extract of the PROW map provided in **Image 2.2**.

Image 2.2: Bedford PROW Map



- 2.2.5 Footpath 3 passes through the site connecting across the A6 to Bedford Road to the north-east and onward towards Wilstead, and eastwards to access the Village 2 network. Direct pedestrian connection is proposed to the west of the site into Village 2 of the Wixams development from Footpath 3. Improvements will be made to Footpath 3 itself (within the site) to ensure the site is well connected to the services and facilities. Village 2 will provide a local centre, which would be ~0.7-1.2km walk from the site, around a 10 minute walk.
- 2.2.6 Potential pedestrian and cycle connections can also be delivered from the western boundary of the site to Wixams Village 2, connecting to the green ring. This will help community connectivity and provide alternative routing for access to local services and facilities. The Emerging Masterplan (**Appendix G**) safeguards the land needed to provide these future connections.
- 2.2.7 Footpath 3 also provides a connection between the site and Bedford Road to the east of the A6 at Wilstead. Improvements to enhance the connection across the A6 can be considered as part of the scheme to enhance the attractiveness of the route to Wilstead village should BBC consider this appropriate and desirable.
- 2.2.8 A pedestrian and cycle connectivity plan, identifying accessibility by sustainable travel to key local facilities is shown in **Image 2.3**. This includes the proposed pedestrian and cycle connection points, walking catchments and key access routes, demonstrating how the site integrates.





Image 2.3: Pedestrian / Cycle Connectivity Plan

2.3 **Public Transport Provision**

- 2.3.1 The closest bus stops to the site are located on Southern Cross approximately 250m north of the site, with the whole site falling within 700m of these existing bus stops. Further bus stops are available at Duck End Lane, 450m from the site, east of the A6 towards Wilstead.
- 2.3.2 **Table 2.2** provides a brief summary of the bus services operating from these bus stops, including key destinations served and frequencies, while **Image 2.4** presents the overall bus network currently operating in the area.

Service	Route	Mon-Fri	Sat
44	Bedford – Clophill – Ampthill – Flitwick – Ampthill – Ampthill Heights	Hourly service	Hourly service
81	Bedford - Luton	Hourly service	Hourly service

Table 2.2: Summary of Local Bus Services

Source: Traveline

2.3.3 The combined services offer half hourly services to Bedford, which is the key higher order settlement in the area, as well as regular connections to Luton and other locally important destinations.



Image 2.4: Bedford Area Bus Map



Source: Bedford Borough Council

- 2.3.4 As part of the wider Wixams community several new bus routes are planned which will further improve bus accessibility. The site offers the opportunity to develop bus service extensions to integrate the site and to support existing / planned services. Measures to promote bus accessibility will be developed as proposals emerge and the local operators are engaged.
- 2.3.5 Bedford St Johns is the closest railway station, located some 6.4km to the north of the site. The railway station is accessible by both bus service no. 44 and no. 81. A summary of the rail services at this station are summarised in **Table 2.3**. Other rail opportunities are available at Flitwick, which can be reached via bus service no. 44.

Destination	Frequency (per hour)					
Destination	Peak	Off Peak	Duration (mins)			
Luton	7-8 services per hour	6 services per hour	20 mins			
Bletchley	Hourly service	Hourly service	43 mins			
Corby	1-2 services per hour*	Hourly service	46 mins			
London St Pancras	6-7 services per hour	5-6 services per hour	56 mins			
Gatwick Airport	4-7 services per hour	3-4 services per hour	104 mins			

Table	2.3:	Summarv	of	Local	Rail	Services
IGNIC		Samury	··	Local		Dervices

Source: National Rail

- 2.3.6 As part of the new community at Wixams, a new railway station is to be delivered, and it is intended that the station would be operational in 2024, enhancing the accessibility of the area.
- 2.3.7 Then new station will be within a comfortable cycling distance of the Site.



2.4 **Promotion of Sustainable Transport**

- 2.4.1 The site is well served by local bus routes and is well positioned with regard to the local facilities and services being delivered as part of the wider Wixams proposals. There are good locational opportunities for travel to be promoted by sustainable travel modes, including walking, cycling and public transport.
- 2.4.2 **Figure 2**, an extract of which is shown as **Image 2.5**, illustrates that there is a very good variety of local services and amenities within the vicinity of the site.





Source: Figure 2

2.4.3 To ensure opportunities to promote the uptake of sustainable transport modes are taken up, a series of measures will be delivered as part of a Sustainable Transport Strategy for the site. The detail of the strategy will be worked up as the proposals emerge and through liaison with the Council and local transport operators. The principles of this strategy are outlined in **Table 2.4**.



Category	Measures
Encouragement of Walking and Cycling	• Delivery of walking / cycling connections to Bedford Road and Wixams Village 2 and improvement to Footpath 3
	 Information on walking and cycling routes and facilities within the area to be provided to residents through a resident's travel information pack
	Setting up of a bicycle user group
	• Negotiation of discounts or promotions for residents at local cycle stores
	• Creation of well-designed and safe walking and cycling routes within the site
Encouragement of the use of Public	• Information on the public transport routes and facilities made available through the resident's travel information pack
Iransport	• Promotion of new bus routes planned within Wixams and any service extensions to integrate the site to such services
	• The promotion railway services available at Bedford St Johns / Flitwick and the Wixams Station when opened
	Bus stop improvements
Measures to encourage Car-	 Car sharing to be promoted amongst new residents of the development – particularly in relation to journeys to work
Sharing	• Viability of a Car Club to be considered
Information Provision and	• Provision of a resident's travel information pack including promotional material, travel discounts, travel information
Travel Marketing	 Details regarding the provision of broadband access – to enable easy access to local home delivery services and home-working
	• A plan of the development, highlighting nearby local facilities and services and the walking and cycling routes to these locations
	• Details of cycle training schemes, bus and train timetables and information on journey planning services

Table 2.4 – Sustainable Transport Strategy Principles

2.5 Accessibility Summary

- 2.5.1 The site is well located to local facilities and services being delivered as part of Wixams and would form a natural, well integrated, and cohesive extension to Wixams.
- 2.5.2 The site benefits from the potential for direct connections to established walking and cycling networks. Opportunities to access public transport are available close to the site.
- 2.5.3 Therefore, the site will be well integrated and will offer good opportunities to promote sustainable transport. A Sustainable Transport Strategy will be delivered to ensure opportunities for sustainable movement are taken up.



SECTION 3 Site Access Strategy

3.1 Wider Wixams Settlement

- 3.1.1 The access strategy adopted for the wider Wixams settlement comprised the upgrading and realignment of the A6, creating a dual carriageway section of road for some 2.5km south of the A421. The A421 is a trunk road between the A1 and M1, administered by Highways England. The old A6 is now provided as a pedestrian / cycle route to Wilstead.
- 3.1.2 Whilst the A6 is a county road (having been de-Trunked), it remains an important connection between Bedford and Luton. The junction of the A6 / A421 has also been improved recently.
- 3.1.3 Two 70m ICD roundabouts are provided as the northern and southern gateways to Wixams at 'Southern Cross' and 'The Causeway', from which the new community is served by an interconnecting network of streets.

3.2 Access Strategy

Vehicular Access

- 3.2.1 In view of the established access strategy for the wider Wixams development, any access to the site will need to ensure that it does not cause any significant impact on the strategic flow of traffic on the A6. The proposed access strategy comprises:
 - Vehicular access to the A6, mirroring the agreed approach for the remainder of Wixams through the delivery of a new 'normal' roundabout to serve the Site;
 - Pedestrian / Cycle / Emergency Vehicle access to Bedford Road; and
 - Pedestrian connections to the PROW network.
- 3.2.2 To achieve access to the A6, agreement will be required from BBC and it will need to be designed to reduce potential impacts of increased delay on the wider highway network.
- 3.2.3 A traffic signal junction would be likely to create additional delays to A6 traffic and a simple priority junction would not deliver sufficient capacity to safely serve the site.
- 3.2.4 On this basis, it is proposed that the site will be served by a new 'normal' roundabout junction to the A6. This is consistent with the form of junction that serves the wider Wixams community and generally maintains the free flow of traffic on the wider A6.



- 3.2.5 Highway boundary data has been obtained from BBC to determine the extent of the public highway for the design of the access roundabout which is provided in **Appendix A**.
- 3.2.6 **Image 3.1** presents the proposed access comprising of a new three arm roundabout to the A6 (**Drawing ITB15565-GA-001**) which has been designed in accordance with DMRB Standards.



Image 3.1 – A6 Access Roundabout

Source: Drawing ITB15565-GA-001

- 3.2.7 The proposed access roundabout comprises:
 - A 60m ICD roundabout whilst the two existing roundabout to the A6 serving Wixams are slightly larger (70m ICD), this section of the A6 is single carriageway rather than dual;
 - Two lane entries on each arm of the junction, to facilitate turning movements into the site, but also to maintain the free-flow of the A6 traffic across the junction;
 - Forward visibility of 215m on A6 approaches, consistent with the existing speed limit;
 - Entry path deflection of <100m; and
 - Forward visibility of 43m on the site access arm, consistent with a 30mph design speed, the same as the Wixams accesses.



- 3.2.8 The design conforms to all design standards (DMRB) and can be achieved either within land controlled by the promoters of the site, or the public highway.
- 3.2.9 An initial appraisal of the operation of the site access junction has been carried using the traffic flow profiles agreed for the Wixams development and which account for the latest committed developments, as well as recently collected traffic data, considering future conditions in 2040, consistent with the end of the Local Plan. **Table 3.1** presents the assessment of the junction which considers 300 dwellings, whilst **Table 3.2** presents an assessment of 430 dwellings.

 Table 3.1 – Proposed A6 Access – 2040 Future Year – 300 Dwellings

	AM Peak Hour				PM Peak Hour			
Arm	RFC	Queue (veh)	Delay (s/veh)	LOS	RFC	Queue (veh)	Delay (s/veh)	LOS
A6 (North)	0.48	<1	4	А	0.66	2	6	А
A6 (South)	0.55	1	5	А	0.58	1	5	А
Site Access	0.11	<1	3	A	0.05	0	3	А

Table 3.2 – Proposed A6 Access – 2040 Future Year – 430 Dwellings

	AM Peak Hour				PM Peak Hour			
Arm	RFC	Queue (veh)	Delay (s/veh)	LOS	RFC	Queue (veh)	Delay (s/veh)	LOS
A6 (North)	0.49	1	4	А	0.69	2	6	А
A6 (South)	0.55	1	5	А	0.60	2	5	А
Site Access	0.16	<1	3	А	0.06	<1	3	А

3.2.10 The proposed junction will operate wholly within capacity under 'Free Flow' conditions, with no material queueing or delay under either the 300 or 430 dwelling scenarios. Each arm of the junction demonstrates a 'Level of Service' category 'A', the highest category of performance. Delays on each approach are inconsequential and no material queueing is projected.

Pedestrian Access

- 3.2.11 No footways are present on the A6 within the vicinity of the site. Given the strategic nature of the A6, provisions for pedestrians / cyclists along the A6 between the site and Southern Cross are undesirable.
- 3.2.12 As a result, non-motorised connections are directed to Bedford Road, located to the north of the site, and to the west to Wixams Village 2 from Footpath 3.



- 3.2.13 Bedford Road is a single lane two-way cul-de-sac some 5.5m in width and is subject to a 30mph speed limit along the site frontage. 2m wide footways are present on both sides of the carriageway. At its northern end, i.e. at its junction with Southern Cross, a 3m wide shared footway / cycleway is present on the southern side of Southern Cross and provides a connection westbound to Village 2. At its southern end, adjacent to the site boundary, a dedicated traffic free segregated pedestrian footway / cycleway some 5m in width is present on Bedford Road and provides a connection directly to Bedford Road in Duck End, and onwards to Wilstead.
- 3.2.14 Consideration has been given to the provision of either a dedicated shared footway / cycleway and / or a 'Bus Only' connection on to Bedford Road. **Drawing ITB15656-GA-001** presents both indicative arrangements, an extract of which is shown at **Image 3.2**. This would also double as an emergency vehicle access.



Image 3.2: Indicative Non-Motorised Connection to Bedford Road

Source: Consultant

3.3 Access Summary

- 3.3.1 Whilst access arrangement will be subject to discussions and agreement with the highway officers at Bedford Borough Council in due course, it is demonstrated that safe and suitable access for all users can be achieved to the site.
- 3.3.2 The proposed vehicular access can be delivered in line with design standards and initial traffic assessment confirms that it would operate efficiently, in free-flow conditions.
- 3.3.3 Non-vehicular access is provided on key desire lines north to Wixams 1 via Bedford Road, west to wider Wixams from Footpath 3 and Bedford Road and to Wilstead from Bedford Road. There is potential for future bus connections to be facilitated through the scheme if desirable.



SECTION 4 Traffic Impact

4.1.1 This section of the Appraisal considers the high-level traffic impacts that may arise from the development of the Site and considers the ability of the local network to accommodate the site.

4.2 **Baseline Traffic Flows and Growth**

- 4.2.1 To inform this initial assessment, a suite of traffic surveys were collected on the local network, focussed on the junctions of the A6 corridor. These comprised manual classified turning counts (with queue survey), at the following locations:
 - MCC 1 A6 Roundabout (West of Wilstead Road)
 - MCC 2 A6 Roundabout (East of The Causeway)
 - MCC 3 A6 Roundabout (East of Southern Cross)
 - MCC 4 A6 / Luton Road Junction
 - MCC 5 Clophill Roundabout
 - MCC 6 A421 / A6 junction
- 4.2.2 To account for traffic growth, between the 2022 surveys and the End of Local Plan period (2040), an unadjusted TEMPRO growth rate was applied. Review of the TEMPRO assessments identifies that the forecasts include the delivery of some 1,100 dwellings in this period within Wixams, as well as employment growth.
- 4.2.3 A review of the BCC Trajectory Topic Paper (April 2022), identifies that, as of March 2021, there were unbuilt consents in place for some 1,400 dwellings in Wixams.
- 4.2.4 Allowing for further completions that will have occurred since March 2021 and taking account of the development proposal on this site (400/430 dwellings), the TEMPRO growth factors are shown to include an appropriate level of growth to consider the impact of the scheme cumulatively with other local development. These assumptions would be confirmed with the Highway Authority leading to a planning application and when the Spatial Strategy is confirmed.

4.3 **Traffic Generation**

4.3.1 To determine the likely traffic generation for a development of circa 300 / 430 dwellings, vehicle trip rates were extracted from the TRICS database.



- 4.3.2 The following parameters were utilised:
 - **Region** Sites in England (excluding Greater London);
 - Size Relevance Sites between 250 and 550 homes;
 - Time Period Surveys dated for the last seven years;
 - Location Relevance Surveys in 'Suburban' and 'Edge of Town' locations; and
 - Date Relevance Surveys undertaken on weekdays only.
- 4.3.3 The extracted TRICs trip rates and associated vehicle trips for are summarised in **Table 4.1**. The full TRICS output report is contained at **Appendix B**.

Table 4.1: Proposed Residential Traffic Generatio	on – Vehicles (415 Dwellings)
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	Мог	orning Peak Hour (0800-0900)		Evening Peak Ηοι (1700-1800)		lour)
	Arrive	Depart	Two-way	Arrive	Depart	Two-way
Trip Rate - Vehicles	0.135	0.415	0.550	0.383	0.170	0.553
Trips – 430 dwellings	58	178	237	165	73	238
Trips – 300 dwellings	41	125	165	115	51	166

Source: TRICS Database and Consultant's calculations

- 4.3.4 The data in **Table 4.1** indicates that a development of circa 430 dwellings at the site will likely generate around 240 two-way vehicle movements in both the morning and evening peak periods. This equates to circa three to four vehicle movements per minute and is consistent with the traffic generation estimates of the initial Wixams appraisal.
- 4.3.5 A development of 300 dwellings on the Site would generate some 160-170 vehicle movements in peak hours, some 3 each minute.
- 4.3.6 The Wixams assessment concluded that 40% of vehicle trips would be 'contained' to Wixams itself and not travel outside of the town. This same assumption has been applied in this appraisal.



4.4 **Traffic Distribution**

- 4.4.1 The Wixams traffic estimates suggested that some 80% of external traffic demand (that not contained to Wixams) is expected to route north towards the A421, Bedford and beyond, with the remaining 20% of traffic expected to route south.
- 4.4.2 These estimates were sense checked through the development of a traffic distribution model, comprising Journey to Work data (extracted from the 2011 Census) and a P/T² gravity model.

Journey Purpose

4.4.3 The likely journey purpose for the generated car driver peak hour trips has been determined using data derived from the NTS 2019 (DfT). The proportion of the peak hour trips by journey purpose by car is presented in **Table 4.2**.

T-1-1- 4-2-1	Dura a sti su	- C D I- I I	en Traine des		D		0.1.)
i able 4.2:	Proportion	от Реак Но	ir i rips by	/ Journey	Purpose	(Car Driver	Only)

Trip Purpose	Morning Peak Hour	Evening Peak Hour
Commuting/ Business	36.8%	43.2%
All Other Journey Purposes	63.2%	56.8%
Total	100%	100%

Source: Car driver trip start time by trip purpose (Monday to Friday only): Great Britain 2015/2019, National Travel Survey, DfT, 2019

4.4.4 The NTS 2019 data has been used to distribute the development generated traffic. The analysis has been undertaken on the basis that 43.2% of vehicular trips generated by the development will be for employment journeys and the remaining 56.8% of vehicle journeys will be for other purposes for both the morning and evening peak hours. These proportions are derived from National Travel Survey data.

Commuting Journeys

4.4.5 Journey to Work data contained within the 2011 Census has been reviewed for the local area to identify the likely destinations for employment journeys. The analysis is summarised in Table
4.3 and presented in full in Appendix C.



Destination	Percentage of Trips to Work	Percentage of All Trips
Luton	9.0%	3.9%
Milton Keynes	6.5%	2.8%
Sandy	2.6%	1.1%
Biggleswade	0.9%	0.4%
Cranfield	2.4%	1.0%
Ampthill	3.7%	1.6%
Marston Moretaine	0.6%	0.3%
Shefford	3.4%	1.5%
Flitwick	1.5%	0.7%
Harlington	1.2%	0.5%
Bedford	59.1%	25.5%
Huntingdon	0.9%	0.4%
Hemel Hempstead	0.4%	0.2%
Hitchin	1.1%	0.5%
Stevenage	0.9%	0.4%
Northampton	0.5%	0.2%
Shortstown	5.3%	2.3%
Total	100.0%	43.2%

Table 4.3: Summary of Employment Trips Distribution (Travel by Car)

Source: Census 2011

Non-employment Journeys

- 4.4.6 The distribution of non-employment trips has been estimated using a bespoke P/T² gravity model. This considers destinations within a 30-minute drive time of the site to reflect the more local nature of the likely destinations of these non-work related trips.
- 4.4.7 The population of key urban areas (likely destinations for non-employment trips) has been estimated from the 2011 Census. Journey times were then estimated using Journey planning software from the Google Maps Directions facility, based on peak hour journey times.
- 4.4.8 A summary of the distribution of trips for non-employment journey purposes by destination is presented in **Table 4.4**. The gravity model is presented in full in **Appendix C**.



		W 7
Destination	Percentage of Trips for Non- employment Purposes	Percentage of All Trips
Bedford	26.9%	15.3%
Biggleswade	1.6%	0.9%
Flitwick	2.5%	1.4%
Luton	22.1%	12.6%
Milton Keynes	26.3%	14.9%
Shortstown	2.9%	1.6%
Shefford	2.7%	1.5%
Wilstead	10.5%	6.0%
Ampthill	4.5%	2.6%
Total	100.0%	56.8%

Table 4.4: Distribution of Other Journey Purposes (Car Drivers Only)

Combined Distribution

4.4.9 The traffic distribution associated with the employment and non-employment trips have been combined and the overall traffic distributions for the development traffic are summarised in Table 4.5 and presented in full in Appendix C.

		<i>y</i> - <i>y</i>	
Destination	Percentage of all Trips - Work	Percentage of all Trips – Non-work	Percentage of all Trips
Bedford	25.5%	15.3%	40.8%
Milton Keynes	2.8%	14.9%	17.7%
Luton	3.9%	12.6%	16.5%
Wiltstead	-	6.0%	6.0%
Ampthill	1.6%	2.6%	4.2%
Shortstown	2.3%	1.6%	3.9%
Shefford	1.5%	1.5%	3.0%
Flitwick	0.7%	1.4%	2.1%
Biggleswade	0.4%	0.9%	1.3%
Sandy	1.1%	-	1.1%
Cranfield	1.0%	-	1.0%
Harlington	0.5%	-	0.5%
Hitchin	0.5%	-	0.5%
Stevenage	0.4%	-	0.4%
Others	0.4%	-	0.4%
larston Moretaine	0.3%	-	0.3%
Total	43.2%	56.8%	100.0%

Table 4.5: Combined Distribution (Car Drivers Only)- Key External Destinations Only



- 4.4.10 The traffic expected to be generated by the potential residential development at the site (ref: Table 4.1) has been distributed across the local highway network to the destinations summarised in Table 4.5 and identified fully in Appendix C.
- 4.4.11 To determine the routing of trips to these destinations, reference has been made to the Google Maps 'Directions' facility. A morning peak hour start time for journeys was utilised to ensure that peak period traffic conditions were reflected. Table 4.6 summarises the assignment of trips.

Decision Points	Route Choice	Percentage of Routing
1 (Cite Access)	A6 (North)	74.3%
T (Site Access)	A6 (South)	25.7%
	Total	100.0%
	A6 (North)	39.8%
	A6 (South)	9.9%
	A421 (West)	29.1%
	A421 (East)	3.2%
2	Bedford Road (East)	2.1%
	Luton Road	5.4%
	A507 (West)	0.3%
	A507 (East)	2.5%
	-	7.7%
	Total	74.3%

Table 4.6: Summary of Traffic Assignment

Source: Consultant's Calculations

4.4.12 The detailed distribution analysis supports the initial Wixams traffic distribution, with circa 75% of traffic likely to travel north to the A421, Bedford and beyond and circa 25% to route south.

4.5 **Traffic Impacts – 430 Dwelling Scheme**

4.5.1 **Appendix E** presents a traffic flow diagram showing the expected development trips associated with a scheme of 430 dwellings, and **Table 4.7** and **4.8** demonstrate the network impacts that are expected to arise from the development on road links and on the key A6 junctions.



Links	Period	2040 Without Development	Development Trips	% Increase
AC North of A 121	AM Peak	2,758	57	2.0%
A6 North of A42 I	PM Peak	2,718	57	2.1%
A 421 Fact (Sline)	AM Peak	1,261	4	0.4%
A42 T East (Slips)	PM Peak	1,432	5	0.3%
AC South of A 121	AM Peak	2,636	102	3.9%
A6 SOULT OF A42 I	PM Peak	2,800	103	3.7%
A 421 Mact (Sline)	AM Peak	2,120	41	2.0%
A421 West (Slips)	PM Peak	2,095	42	2.0%
A6 North of The Causeway	AM Peak	2,797	102	3.7%
	PM Peak	2,474	103	4.2%
A6 South of The Courseway	AM Peak	2,118	138	6.5%
Ao south of the Causeway	PM Peak	2,284	138	6.1%
The Causeway	AM Peak	858	35	4.1%
The Causeway	PM Peak	746	35	4.8%
Lutan Dood	AM Peak	161	13	7.9%
Luton Road	PM Peak	223	13	5.8%
A6 South of Luton Bood	AM Peak	1,771	48	2.7%
AU SOULH OF LULOH KOAU	PM Peak	2,057	48	2.3%

Table 4.7: Development Impact Assessment – Link Impacts (430 Dwellings)

Table 4.8: Development Impact Assessment - Junction Impacts (430 Dwellings)

Junctions	Period	2040 Without Development	Development Trips	% Increase
A421 / A6 Roundabout	AM Peak	4,523	102	2.3%
	PM Peak	4,639	103	2.2%
The Causeway Roundabout	AM Peak	2,887	138	4.8%
	PM Peak	2,919	138	4.7%
A6 / Luton Road Junction	AM Peak	1,779	61	3.4%
	PM Peak	2,093	61	2.9%

Source: Consultant's Calculations

4.5.2 Overall, the development would be expected to increase traffic flows to the north of Wixams on the A6 by some 3.7-4.2% and by around 2.3-2.7% to the south of Wixams. In real terms, this equates to an average of 1-2 additional vehicle movements every minute on the A6 north of Wixams in peak hours, and under one additional vehicle every minute south of Wixams.



- 4.5.3 At the key junctions on the corridor, impacts are similarly limited, adding some 2% to traffic demands at the A6 / A421 junction and 3-5% to junctions on the wider A6 corridor.
- 4.5.4 These increases in traffic are not significant and will not be likely to have a material impact on the operation of the local highway network.

4.6 **Traffic Impacts – 300 Dwelling Scheme**

4.6.1 **Appendix F** presents a traffic flow diagram showing the expected development trips associated with a scheme of 300 dwellings, and **Table 4.9** and **4.10** demonstrate the network impacts that are expected to arise from the development on road links and on the key A6 junctions.

Table 4.9: Development Impact Assessment – Link Impacts (300 Dwellings)

Links	Period	2040 Without Development	Development Trips	% Increase
	AM Peak	2,758	39	1.4%
A6 North of A42 I	PM Peak	2,718	40	1.5%
	AM Peak	1,261	3	0.2%
A42 I East (Slips)	PM Peak	1,432	3	0.2%
	AM Peak	2,636	71	2.7%
A6 South of A42 I	PM Peak	2,800	72	2.6%
	AM Peak	2,120	29	1.4%
A421 West (Slips)	PM Peak	2,095	29	1.4%
	AM Peak	2,797	71	2.6%
A6 North of The Causeway	PM Peak	2,474	72	2.9%
	AM Peak	2,118	96	4.5%
A6 South of The Causeway	PM Peak	2,284	97	4.2%
The Courses	AM Peak	858	25	2.9%
The Causeway	PM Peak	746	25	3.3%
L L . D d	AM Peak	161	9	5.5%
Luton Koad	PM Peak	223	9	4.0%
	AM Peak	1,771	33	1.9%
Ab South of Luton Road	PM Peak	2,057	34	1.6%

4.6.2 Overall, the development would be expected to increase traffic flows to the north of Wixams on the A6 by some 2.6-2.9% and by around 1.6-1.9% to the south of Wixams. In real terms, this equates to an average of around 1 additional vehicle movements on the A6 north of Wixams in the morning and evening peaks, and one additional vehicle every two minutes south of Wixams.



Junctions	Period	2040 Without Development	Development Trips	% Increase
A421 / A6 Roundabout	AM Peak	4,523	71	1.6%
	PM Peak	4,639	72	1.5%
The Causeway Roundabout	AM Peak	2,887	96	3.3%
	PM Peak	2,919	97	3.3%
A6 / Luton Road Junction	AM Peak	1,779	42	2.4%
	PM Peak	2,093	43	2.0%

Table 4.10: Development Impacts – Junction Impacts (300 Dwellings)

Source: Consultant's Calculations

- 4.6.3 At the key junctions on the corridor, impacts are similarly limited, adding some 1.6% to traffic demands at the A6 / A421 junction and 2-3% to junctions on the wider A6 corridor.
- 4.6.4 These increases in traffic are not significant and will not be likely to have a material impact on the operation of the local highway network.

4.7 Corridor Capacity Assessment

- 4.7.1 In due course, detailed traffic assessment of the key A6 corridor junctions will be carried out, in dialogue with BBC and in line with an agreed scope of assessment.
- 4.7.2 To consider the performance of junctions on the corridor as part of this initial assessment, recent junction capacity analysis undertaken to support the Employment Quarter in Wixams (prepared by Mode) has been reviewed to determine existing network operation. This considered the cumulative impact of growth in the area including particularly the delivery of Wixams.

A6 (North) / Bus Gate / A6 (South) / The Causeway Roundabout

- 4.7.3 The junction capacity analysis indicates that the roundabout is likely to operate well within capacity during the future year scenarios, in both the morning and evening peak periods with RFC values of 0.46 and 0.34 on the worst performing arms. Queuing of one vehicle on approaches is projected.
- 4.7.4 The residential development of Land South of Wixams, which would increase traffic demands by 3-4%, adding less than two vehicles each minute to the junction and some 2-3% of traffic flows to the junction, will not materially impact on the operation of the junction.

Approach	AM Peak Hour (AM Peak Hour (08:00 - 09:00)		7:00 – 18:00)
Approach	Queue (Veh)	RFC	Queue (Veh)	RFC
20	23 Future Baseline +	+ Committed Dev	velopment	
The Causeway	1	0.43	1	0.35
Old A6 (S)	1	0.28	1	0.24
Northern Distributor Road	1	0.18	1	0.19
Old A6 (N) - Bus Gate	1	0.05	0	0.01
2023 Future Baseline + Committed Development + Proposed Development				
The Causeway	1	0.46	1	0.34
Old A6 (S)	1	0.29	1	0.24
Northern Distributor Road	1	0.20	1	0.21
Old A6 (N) – Bus Gate	1	0.05	o	0.01

Source: Table 5.4 of TA submitted in support of EQ development (prepared by Mode)

A6 / The Causeway Roundabout

- 4.7.5 The junction capacity analysis indicates that the roundabout is likely to operate well within capacity during the future year scenarios, in both the morning and evening peak periods with RFC values well below 0.85, being 0.71 and 0.8, with queues of 2-3 vehicles.
- 4.7.6 The traffic associated with the residential development would not materially alter the operation of the junction, adding some 1-2 vehicles each minute.

	AM Peak Hour (0	8:00 - 09:00)	PM Peak Hour (1	7:00 - 18:00
Approach	Queue (Veh)	RFC	Queue (Veh)	RFC
	2023 Future Baseline +	Committed Dev	elopment	
A6 (S)	3	0.70	2	0.61
The Causeway	2	0.60	2	0.52
A6 (N)	3	0.68	4	0.80
2023 Future E	Baseline + Committed [)evelopment + F	Proposed Developme	ent
A6 (S)	3	0.71	2	0.61
The Causeway	2	0.62	2	0.55
A6 (N)	3	0.69	5	0.80

Source: Table 5.6 of the TA submitted in support of the EQ development (prepared by others)



A421 / A6 Roundabout

4.7.7 The A421 / A6 junction is a grade separated roundabout providing a key intersection between two major A-roads. The junction capacity analysis indicates that the junction is forecast to operate close to its theoretical capacity in the future year scenarios, both during the morning and evening peak periods, with significant queues projected on the A6 (s) arm particularly.

	AM Peak Hour (0	(00:00 - 09:00)	PM Peak Hour (1	7:00 - 18:00)
Approach	Queue (Veh)	RFC	Queue (Veh)	RFC
	2023 Future Baseline +	Committed Dev	velopment	
A421 (E)	3	0.76	10	0.93
A6 (S)	24	0.99	11	0.93
Holiday Inn	1	0.31	1	0.28
A421 (W)	4	0.77	8	0.90
A6 (N)	5	0.83	14	0.95
2023 Future	Baseline + Committed [Development + i	roposed Developme	ent
A421 (E)	4	078	11	0.93
A6 (S)	28	0.99	12	0.93
Holiday Inn	1	0.31	1	0.29
A421 (W)	4	0.78	9	0.91
A6 (N)	6	0.84	15	0.95

Source: Table 5.7 of TA submitted in support of EQ development (prepared by others)

- 4.7.8 The potential residential development is forecast to distribute circa 75% of external development traffic north along the A6 towards the A421, Bedford and beyond.
- 4.7.9 Whilst in real terms this equates to a small number of vehicle movements (less than two each minute -between 1.5-2% increase in traffic demand), it is likely that the residential development traffic will result in a worsening in junction performance.
- 4.7.10 In view of the forecast constraints at the junction, the Employment Quarter TA presents a potential improvement scheme, which involves the part-signalisation of the roundabout specifically the A421 off-slips. This is in line with the South East Midlands Local Enterprise Partnership (SEMLEP) Infrastructure Investment Plan. A drawing of the mitigation scheme is attached in **Appendix D**. The results of the improved junction are presented below.



Accession of the	AM Peak Hour	(08:00 - 09:00)	PM Peak Hour ((17:00 - 18:00)
Approaon	Deg Sat (%)	MMQ (pou)	Deg Sat (%)	MMQ (pou)
2	023 Future Baseline	+ Committed Dev	velopment	
A6 (N)	77.7	2.5	84.6	4.2
A421(E)	68.0	5.4	77.3	7.2
A6 (S)	92.1	12.4	86.0	7.7
Hotel/PFS access	28.0	0.4	22.7	0.1
A421(W)	79.1	11.3	82.3	13.0
PRC	-2.3 4.7		7	
2023 Future B	aseline + Committed	I Development + F	Proposed Developr	nent
A6 (N)	78.3	2.7	84.9	4.2
A421(E)	71.4	5.8	75/1	6.9
A6 (S)	92.6	12.7	86.3	8.0
Hotel/PFS access	28.3	0.5	22.9	0.1
A421(W)	82.9	12.3	83.4	13.3
PRC	-2	.9	4.	3

A421 / A6 – Mitigation Scheme

Source: Table 5.8 of TA submitted in support of EQ development (prepared by others)

- 4.7.11 Modelling of the mitigation scheme indicates that the junction would operate within theoretical capacity in the future year scenarios (DoS 100%), in both the morning and evening peak periods.
- 4.7.12 However, the A6 (South) arm would continue to operate close to capacity (above design capacity of 90% DoS) and therefore the residual cumulative impact of the potential development on the operation of the junction (particularly the southern A6 arm) will need to be carefully considered as the project moves forward. If further mitigation is required, this will need to be developed.
- 4.7.13 Given the wider aspirations to deliver an improvement scheme at the A6/A421 junction, the development South of Wixams can assist in delivering an improvement at the junction. The Transport Assessment will consider this in greater detail alongside BBC engagement.
- 4.7.14 There are various opportunities to further improve the capacity of the junction if required, including full signalisation and approach widening. These will be explored with BBC as the schemes develop and to consider the wider aspirations of the Council.



4.8 **Traffic Impact Summary**

- 4.8.1 The initial Wixams traffic distribution estimates were sense checked through the development of a detailed traffic distribution model. Around 75% of development traffic is forecast to route north toward the A421, Bedford and beyond and the remaining 20-25% to route south along the A6. Of development traffic generated, 60% is expected to result in trips external to Wixams.
- 4.8.2 The development of Land South of Wixams could provide between 300-430 dwellings, which would be expected to generate some 170-240 peak period vehicle movements. Taking account of the traffic assignment analysis, this equates to an increase in traffic flows to the north of Wixams on the A6 by some 3-4% and by around 2% to the south of Wixams. In real terms, this equates to an average less than two additional vehicles each minute on the A6 north of Wixams in the morning and evening peaks, and under one additional vehicle every minute south of Wixams. These increases in traffic are not significant and will not be likely to have a material impact on the operation of the local highway network.
- 4.8.3 Assessment of the local network carried out in accordance with the Employment Quarter has been considered. This demonstrates that local junctions on the A6 are likely to have sufficient capacity to accommodate development traffic. There are forecast capacity constraints at the A6 / A421 junction, and a mitigation scheme has been developed to improve operation of the network. The development can assist in bringing forward improvements at this location and through the Transport Assessment will consider the need for any further mitigation schemes.
- 4.8.4 On the basis of this high-level assessment, it is concluded that any significant impacts from the development on the transport network (in terms of capacity and congestion), or on highway safety, are capable of being cost effectively mitigated to an acceptable degree.
- 4.8.5 As the scheme is developed, more detailed assessments will be carried out in dialogue with BBC to confirm the extent of any mitigation that may be required.



SECTION 5 Summary and Conclusions

- 5.1 This Baseline Transport Appraisal considers the potential for the delivery of 300-430 dwellings on Land South of Wixams. This appraisal presents a high-level assessment of the site against the key transport tests of the NPPF, i.e.:
 - i Have appropriate opportunities to promote sustainable transport modes been identified and taken up, given the type of development and its location;
 - ii Can safe and suitable access to the site can be achieved for all users;
 - iii Can any significant impacts from the development on the transport network (in terms of capacity and congestion), or on highway safety, be mitigated to an acceptable degree.

Sustainable Travel

- 5.2 The site is well located to local facilities and services being delivered as part of Wixams and would form a natural, well integrated, and cohesive extension to Wixams. The site is well located in transport sustainability terms, close to a good range of local facilities and benefits from direct connections to established walking and cycling networks at Bedford Road and to wider Wixams. Opportunities to access public transport are available close to the site and can be improved.
- 5.3 It is therefore concluded that the site will be well integrated and will offer good opportunities to promote sustainable transport. A Sustainable Transport Strategy will be delivered to ensure opportunities for sustainable movement are taken up.

Site Access

- 5.4 Access to the site can be achieved via a roundabout onto the A6. This is consistent with the strategy for the Wider Wixams development and early assessment demonstrates and a roundabout junction can be delivered in line with design requirements, and will operate efficiently, maintaining the free flow of traffic on the wider A6. Agreement will be required from BBC and will need to be designed to ensure the benefit of the re-alignment of the A6 is not lost.
- 5.5 To deliver non-vehicular connections to the wider community, a secondary access point is shown at the north of the site, to Bedford Road. This could be provided as an access for sustainable modes such as pedestrians, cyclists and potential public transport vehicles. This would also double as an emergency vehicle access.
- 5.6 Overall, it is concluded that safe and suitable access can be delivered for all users.

Traffic Impact

- 5.7 The development of Land South of Wixams would be expected to generate some 170-240 peak period vehicle movements. This equates to an increase in traffic flows to the north of Wixams on the A6 by some 3-4% and by around 2% to the south of Wixams.
- 5.8 Recent assessment of the local network demonstrates that local junctions on the A6 are likely to have sufficient capacity to accommodate development traffic. There are forecast capacity constraints at the A6 / A421 junction, and a mitigation scheme has been developed to improve operation of the network. The development can assist in bringing forward improvements at this location and through the Transport Assessment will consider the need for any further mitigation schemes in this location and on the wider network. Various deliverable opportunities are available to increase capacity in this location if required.
- 5.9 On the basis of this high-level assessment, it is concluded that any significant impacts from the development on the transport network (in terms of capacity and congestion), or on highway safety, are capable of being cost effectively mitigated to an acceptable degree. The resultant impact of the scheme would not be Severe.

Conclusion

5.10 On the basis of the Baseline Transport Appraisal, it is concluded that there are no reasons that the development of Land South of Wixams (Wixams End) cannot be delivered in an acceptable manner in transport terms. The site is in a sustainable location with good potential for sustainable travel modes, access can be achieved to the site in a safe and acceptable manner, and any traffic impacts are likely to be capable of being mitigated to an acceptable level.

FIGURES



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DRAWINGS



APPENDIX A. Highway Boundary Data





BD146362

BD95464

BD289419

Highways

Wilstead	Scale 1:2500 @ A0
Land Registry & Highways overlay on OS mapping	January 2019



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APPENDIX B. TRICS Data

Page 1 Licence No: 236601

i-Transport Grove House Basingstoke

Calculation Reference: AUDIT-236601-200309-0339

TRIP RATE CALCULATION SELECTION PARAMETERS:

Land Use : Category : VEHICLES	03 - RESIDENTIAL A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED
--------------------------------------	--

Sele	cted regions and areas:	
02	SOUTH EAST	
	KC KENT	2 days
04	EAST ANGLIA	
	NF NORFOLK	2 days
05	EAST MIDLANDS	
	DS DERBYSHIRE	1 days
07	YORKSHIRE & NORTH LINCOLNSHIRE	
	NE NORTH EAST LINCOLNSHIRE	1 days

This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS® sub-region in the selected set

Secondary Filtering selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Parameter:	Number of dwellings
Actual Range:	275 to 432 (units:)
Range Selected by User:	250 to 550 (units:)

Parking Spaces Range: All Surveys Included

Bedrooms per Dwelling Range: All Surveys Included

Percentage of dwellings privately owned: All Surveys Included

Public Transport Provision: Selection by:

Include all surveys

Date Range: 01/01/11 to 23/09/19

This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

<u>Selected survey days:</u>	
Monday	2 days
Tuesday	1 days
Wednesday	2 days
Friday	1 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.

<u>Selected survey types:</u>	
Manual count	5 days
Directional ATC Count	1 days

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaking using machines.

> 1 5

4 1 1

<u>Selected Locations:</u>	
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	
Edge of Town	

This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

Selected Location Sub Categories:	
Residential Zone	
Out of Town	
No Sub Category	

This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

RICS 7.6.4 1	41219 B19.28	Database right o	f TRICS Consortiu	um Limited, 2019. All rights reserve	d Monday	09/03/20
						Page 2
Transport G	Frove House	Basingstoke			Licence	No: 236601
Casara	lam. Filtanina	a a la atta a				
Second	ary Filtering	selection:				
Use Cla	55.					
C3			6 days	5		
This day has bee	ta displays the en used for this	number of surveys purpose, which ca	t per Use Class cla n be found within	assification within the selected set. In the Library module of TRICS®.	The Use Classes Order	2005
Populat	tion within 1 m	ile:				
1,001 t	to 5,000		1 days	<u>.</u>		
5,001 t	to 10,000		2 days	6		
10,001	to 15,000		2 days	5		
20,001	to 25,000		1 days	5		
This dat	ta displays the	number of selected	d surveys within s	stated 1-mile radii of population.		
<u>Populat</u>	tion within 5 m	iles:				
25,001	to 50,000		1 days	6		
50,001	to 75,000		3 days	6		
75,001	to 100,000		1 days	6		
125,001	1 to 250,000		1 days	5		
This dat	ta displays the	number of selected	d surveys within s	stated 5-mile radii of population.		
<u>Car_owi</u>	nership within .	5 miles:				
0.6 to 1	.0		3 days	5		
1.1 to 1	.5		3 days	5		

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5-miles of selected survey sites.

<u>Travel Plan:</u>	
Yes	2 days
No	4 days

This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

<u>PTAL Rating:</u> No PTAL Present

6 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys with PTAL Ratings.

TRICS 7.6.4	141219 B19.28	Database right of TF	RICS Consortium Limited	l, 2019. All rights reserved	Monday 09/03/20 Page 3
i-Transport	Grove House E	Basingstoke			Licence No: 236601
LIST	OF SITES relevant	t to selection parame	<u>ters</u>		
1	DS-03-A-02 RADBOURNE LAN DERBY	MI XED HOUSES	5	DERBYSHI RE	
2	Edge of Town Residential Zone Total Number of <i>Survey de</i> KC-03-A-06 MARGATE ROAD HERNE BAY	dwellings: <i>ate: TUESDAY</i> MI XED HOUSES	371 <i>10/07/18</i> S & FLATS	<i>Survey Type: MANL</i> KENT	IAL
3	Suburban Area (F Residential Zone Total Number of <i>Survey da</i> KC-03-A-07 RECULVER ROAD HERNE BAY	PPS6 Out of Centre) dwellings: <i>ate: WEDNESDAY</i> MIXED HOUSES	363 <i>27/09/17</i> 5	<i>Survey Type: MANL</i> KENT	IAL
4	Edge of Town Residential Zone Total Number of <i>Survey da</i> NE-03-A-02 HANOVER WALK SCUNTHORPE	dwellings: <i>ate: WEDNESDAY</i> SEMI DETACHE	288 <i>27/09/17</i> D & DETACHED	<i>Survey Type: MANL</i> NORTH EAST LINCOL	<i>IAL</i> NSHI RE
5	Edge of Town No Sub Category Total Number of <i>Survey de</i> NF-03-A-06 BEAUFORT WAY GREAT YARMOUT BRADWELL	dwellings: <i>ate: MONDAY</i> MI XED HOUSES	432 <i>12/05/14</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANL</i> NORFOLK	IAL
6	Edge of Town Residential Zone Total Number of <i>Survey de</i> NF-03-A-07 SILFIELD ROAD WYMONDHAM	dwellings: <i>ate: MONDAY</i> MIXED HOUSES	275 <i>23/09/19</i> S & FLATS	<i>Survey Type: MANL</i> NORFOLK	IAL
	Edge of Town Out of Town Total Number of <i>Survey de</i>	dwellings: <i>ate: FRIDAY</i>	297 <i>20/09/19</i>	Survey Type: DIREC	CTIONAL ATC COUNT

This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.

Licence No: 236601

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

	ARRIVALS				DEPARTURES		TOTALS			
	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip	
Time Range	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate	
00:00 - 01:00										
01:00 - 02:00										
02:00 - 03:00										
03:00 - 04:00										
04:00 - 05:00										
05:00 - 06:00										
06:00 - 07:00										
07:00 - 08:00	6	338	0.086	6	338	0.347	6	338	0.433	
08:00 - 09:00	6	338	0.135	6	338	0.415	6	338	0.550	
09:00 - 10:00	6	338	0.140	6	338	0.157	6	338	0.297	
10:00 - 11:00	6	338	0.115	6	338	0.145	6	338	0.260	
11:00 - 12:00	6	338	0.117	6	338	0.129	6	338	0.246	
12:00 - 13:00	6	338	0.159	6	338	0.149	6	338	0.308	
13:00 - 14:00	6	338	0.154	6	338	0.145	6	338	0.299	
14:00 - 15:00	6	338	0.164	6	338	0.187	6	338	0.351	
15:00 - 16:00	6	338	0.299	6	338	0.188	6	338	0.487	
16:00 - 17:00	6	338	0.321	6	338	0.180	6	338	0.501	
17:00 - 18:00	6	338	0.383	6	338	0.170	6	338	0.553	
18:00 - 19:00	6	338	0.329	6	338	0.211	6	338	0.540	
19:00 - 20:00										
20:00 - 21:00										
21:00 - 22:00										
22:00 - 23:00										
23:00 - 24:00										
Total Rates:			2.402			2.423			4.825	

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

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Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:	275 - 432 (units:)
Survey date date range:	01/01/11 - 23/09/19
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):	10
Number of Saturdays:	0
Number of Sundays:	0
Surveys automatically removed from selection:	0
Surveys manually removed from selection:	0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

APPENDIX C. Distribution Model

i-Transport Project No ITB15565

i-Transport Project Title - Wixams

Journey to Work Distribution Model

Broad Destination	1	otal	Proportion per	By Route	Pouto 1	Pouto 2	Pouto 2	Pouto 4	Pouto 5
Broau Descination	Proportion by Car	Driving a car or van	route	Proportion by car	Route 1	Route 2	Route 5	Route 4	Koule 5
Luton	0.0%	220	50%	4.5%	A6 - South	A6 South	-		
Euton	5.0%	228	50%	4.5%	A6 - North	A421 - West			
Milton Keynes	6.5%	163	100%	6.5%	A6 - North	A421 - West	-		
Sandy	2.6%	65	100%	2.6%	A6 - North	A421 - East	-		
Briggleswade	0.9%	23	50%	0.5%	A6 - South	-	-		
Dirgereswade	0.576	25	50%	0.5%	A6 - South	A507 E	-		
Cranfield	2.4%	60	50%	1.2%	A6 - North	A421 - West	-		
Craimeid	2.476	00	50%	1.2%	A6 - South	-	-		
Ampthill	3.7%	94	100%	3.7%	A6 - South	-	-		
Marston Moretaine	0.6%	15	70%	0.4%	A6 - North	A421 - West	-		
Warston Woretaine	0.076	15	30%	0.2%	A6 - South	-			
Shefford	3.4%	85	50%	1.7%	A6 - South	Luton Road	-		
Silenord	5.470	85	50%	1.7%	A6 - South	A507 E			
Flitwick	1.5%	38	50%	0.8%	A6 - South	-	-		
Theweak	1.570	50	50%	0.8%	A6 - South	A507 W			
Harlington	1.2%	30	50%	0.6%	A6 - North	A421 - West	-		
hannigton	1.270	50	50%	0.6%	A6 - South	A6 South			
Bedford	59.1%	1490	100%	59.1%	A6 - North	A6 - North	-		
Huntingdon	0.9%	23	100%	0.9%	A6 - North	A421 - East	-		
Hemel Hemostead	0.4%	11	50%	0.2%	A6 - South	A6 South	-		
henerhenpsteau	0.470	11	50%	0.2%	A6 - North	A421 - West			
Hitchin	1.1%	27	100%	1.1%	A6 - South	A6 South	-		
Stovenage	0.0%	22	50%	0.5%	A6 - South	A507 E	-		
Stevenage	0.9%	25	50%	0.5%	A6 - South	-			
Northampton	0.5%	13	100%	0.5%	A6 - North	A421 - West	-		
Shortstown	5.3%	133	50%	2.6%	A6 - North	A421 - East	-		
Shortstown	5.376	133	50%	2.6%	A6 - South	Luton Road			
Total	100.0%	2521		100.00%					

Route 1	Proportions of Cars	0.43
A6 - South	21%	9%
A6 - North	79%	34%
		0%
	100%	43%

14%	6.0%
69/	
070	2.6%
0%	0.0%
7%	2.9%
59%	25.5%
6%	2.8%
4%	1.9%
3%	1.1%
1%	0.3%
100%	43%
	0% 7% 59% 6% 4% 3% 1% 100%

Route 3	Proportions of Cars	0.43
-	89%	38%
	89%	38.4%

i-Transport Project Title - Wixams

Gravity Model

Looption	Boute 4	9/	Boute 2	0/	Time (mins) 2011 Census		рл	DITAD	% of total Car driver mode colit				% of Cor by Bouto
Location	Route 1	70	Route 2	70	rime (mins)	Total Population	P/1	P/1*2	% OI 10141	Car univer mode spirt		% of Car Driver	% of Car by Route
Bedford	A6 - North	25.1%	A6 - North	25.1%	17	101,066	5,945	350	26.9%	77%	20.8%	25.1%	100.0%
Biggloswado	A6 - South	0.9%	-	0.9%	20	16 551	501	21	1 69/	0.2%	1 E9/	1.00/	50.0%
Biggleswade	A6 - South	0.9%	A507 E	0.9%	28	10,551	291	21	1.0%	92%	1.5%	1.8%	50.0%
Flitwick	A6 - South	2.5%	-	2.5%	20	12,998	650	32	2.5%	83%	2.1%	2.5%	100.0%
Luton	A6 - South	12.5%	A6 South	12.5%	27	27 200 127	7 745	207	207 22.10/	22.42	20.70/	25.0%	50.0%
Euton	A6 - North	12.5%	A421 - West	12.5%		27	27 205,127	7,745	207	22.170	95%	20.7%	23.0%
Milton Keynes	A6 - North	28.2%	A421 - West	28.2%	27	248,821	9,216	341	26.3%	89%	23.3%	28.2%	100.0%
Shortstown	A6 - North	1.0%	A421 - East	1.0%	8	8 2,401	300	20	38 2.9%	59%	1.7%	2.0%	50.0%
Shortstown	A6 - South	1.0%	Luton Road	1.0%				50					50.0%
Chofford	A6 - South	1.5%	Luton Road	1.5%	12	E 994	45.2	25	2 70/	00%	2.4%	2.9%	50.0%
Sherioru	A6 - South	1.5%	A507 E	1.5%	13	5,881	452	35	2.7%	90%			50.0%
Wilstood	A6 - North	3.7%	Bedford Road - East	3.7%	4	2 177	E44	126	426 40.5%	E0%	C 19/	7.40/	50.0%
Wisteau	A6 - South	3.7%	Luton Road	3.7%	4	2,177	544	150	10.5%	59%	0.1%	7.470	50.0%
Ampthill	A6 - South	4.9%	-	4.9%	11	7,028	639	58	4.5%	91%	4.1%	4.9%	100.0%
		100.0%		100.0%		606,050	26,083	1,298	100.0%			100.0%	

Route 1	Total	Scaled
A6 - North	71%	40%
A6 - South	29%	17%
	100%	57%

Route 2	Total	Scaled
A6 - North	25%	14%
A6 South	12%	7%
A421 - West	41%	23%
A421 - East	1%	1%
Bedford Road - East	4%	2%
A507 E	2%	1%
Luton Road	6%	4%
-	8%	5%
	100%	57%

56.8%

30 minute JT

i-Transport Project No ITB15565

i-Transport Project Title - Wixams

Combined Travel to Work and Gravity Model Distribution - Routing

Route 1	JtW	Gravity	100.00%
A6 - North	34%	40%	74.3%
A6 - South	9%	17%	25.7%
Total	43%	57%	

Route 2	JtW	Gravity	100%		
A6 - North	26%	14%	39.8%		
A6 South	3%	7%	9.9%		
A421 - West	6%	23%	29.1%		
A421 - East	3%	1%	3.2%		
Bedford Road - East	0%	2%	2.1%		
-	3%	5%	7.7%		
Luton Road	2%	4%	5.4%		
A507 W	0%		0.3%		
A507 E	1%	1%	2.5%		
Total	43%	57%			

APPENDIX D.A6 / A421 Mitigation Scheme



APPENDIX E. Development Assignment – 430 Units





APPENDIX F. Development Assignment – 300 Units





APPENDIX G. Emerging Masterplan



• HO8(4) - Central Bedfordshire Local Plan

HAS27 - Central Bedfordshire Local Plan



Additional O&H Land - CBC confirmed logical extension to MA3

HOU15 - Bedford Plan 2040 (DRAFT)

5S - Bedford Borough Council Settlement Policy Area

RE- FO	this drawi Re-Forma altered or passed to authority. survey and scale for c	ing is the copyright of it LLP and may not be copied, reproduced in any way or a third party without written All dimensions subject to site d site verification. Do not construction ©	www.re-format.co.uk mail@re-format.co.uk +44 (0)1730 778778	drawn by RP checked by MS	date created Jan 2020 scale at A3 1:10000	project title Land west of A6, Wixar document title Wider Masterplan	ms	project F19146 status S2	originator 6- RFT - suitability o Suitable	volume 01 - description for Inform	XX -	DR -	- A -	number 0104 revision 01
R MAT	rev. 01	date 13/07/2022	changes description			status S2	issued by			$\left(\right)$	N			



